

Krisoker Sor (Farmers' Voice) input on Zero draft of Post-2015 framework for disaster risk reduction, submitted by Md. Zakir Hossain

Para No. of the Zero Draft	Existing writeup in the Zero Draft	Proposedhe inputs/Opinions (in bold)
2	Global Platform for Disaster Risk Reduction and the regional platforms for disaster risk reduction have been instrumental in the development of policies, strategies, the advancement of knowledge and mutual learning. Overall, the HFA has been an important instrument for.....	Global Platform for Disaster Risk Reduction and the regional platforms for disaster risk reduction have been instrumental in the development of policies, strategies, the advancement of knowledge and mutual learning. Civil Society Organisations and Disaster Practitioners have performed well to support disaster management globally. Overall, the HFA has been an important instrument for.....
3	Disasters are increasing in frequency and intensity, and those exacerbated by climate change are significantly impeding progress toward sustainable development. Evidence indicates that exposure of people and assets in all countries has increased faster than vulnerability ² has decreased, thus generating new risk and a steady rise in disasters losses with significant socio-economic impact in the short, medium and long term, especially at the local and community level.	Disasters are increasing unpredictably in frequency and intensity, and those exacerbated by pseudo development and climate change are significantly impeding progress toward sustainable development. Evidence indicates that exposure of people and assets in all countries has increased faster than vulnerability ² has decreased, thus generating new risk and a steady rise in disasters losses with significant socio-economic, cultural and ecological impact in the short, medium and long term, especially at the local and community level.
4	We are at a crossroads. It is urgent and critical to anticipate, plan for and act on risk scenarios over at least the next 50 years to protect more effectively human beings and their assets, and ecosystems.	We are at a crossroads. It is urgent and critical to anticipate, plan for and act on risk scenarios over at least the next 50 years to protect more effectively and efficiently the lives, assets, ecosystems and the development pathways.
9	The concurrent post-2015 processes on sustainable development, climate change and disaster risk provide the international community with a unique opportunity to ensure coherence and alignment across policies, practices and partnerships for implementation.	The concurrent post-2015 processes on sustainable development, climate change, food security and disaster risk provide the international community with a unique opportunity to ensure coherence, reinforcement and alignment across policies, plans, actions, practices and partnerships for implementation.
10	.....invest in economic, social, cultural and environmental resilience; and enhance preparedness, response, recovery and reconstruction at all levels.	.....invest in economic, social, cultural, ecological and environmental resilience; and enhance consciousness, preparedness, response, recovery and reconstruction at all levels.
11	<i>The substantial reduction of disaster losses, in lives, and in the social, economic and environmental assets of persons, communities and countries.</i>	<i>The substantial reduction of disaster losses, in lives, and in the social, economic, cultural, ecological and environmental assets of persons, communities, countries and the planet.</i>
12	<i>The prevention of disaster risk creation and the reduction of the existing disaster risk through economic, social, cultural, and environmental measures which address exposure and vulnerability,</i>	<i>The prevention of disaster risk creation and the reduction of the existing disaster risk through economic, social, cultural, environmental, technological and holistic measures which</i>

	<i>and thus strengthen resilience.</i>	<i>address exposure and vulnerability, and thus strengthen resilience.</i>
13	reduce disaster damage to health and educational facilities by [a given percentage in function of number of hazardous events] by 20[xx]; and increase number of countries with national and local strategies by [a given percentage] by 20[xx].	reduce disaster damage to health and educational facilities by [a given percentage in function of number of hazardous events] by 20[xx]; reduce natural infrastructure losses by.....; reduce agricultural losses by.....; reduce disaster displaced people by..... and increase number of countries with national and local strategies by [a given percentage] by 20[xx].
14	The present framework applies to the risk of small scale and large scale, frequent and infrequent, and slow onset disasters caused by natural hazards and related environmental and technological hazards and risks and aims to guide the multi-hazard management of disaster risk in development at local, national, regional and global levels.	The present framework applies to the risk of small scale and large scale, frequent and infrequent, recurrent and slow onset localized disasters caused by natural hazards, and related environmental and development hazard like urban flood and technological hazards like nuclear and chemical disaster , and risks and aims to guide the multi-hazard management of disaster risk in smart, sustainable, zero carbon and inclusive growth based development at local, national, regional and global levels.
15a	Each State has the primary responsibility to holistically reduce disaster risk, including through cooperation.	Each State has the primary responsibility to holistically reduce disaster risk, including through cooperation in a sense of shared responsibilities with other stakeholders.
15d	The leadership and empowerment of local authorities and communities are required.....	The leadership and empowerment of local people , authorities and communities are required.....
15e	Disaster risk reduction requires an all-of-society engagement and empowerment,.....	Disaster risk reduction requires an all-of-society engagement, empowerment and ownership ,.....
15f	Addressing underlying risk factors through risk-informed public and private investments is more cost-effective than primary reliance on post-disaster response and recovery, and contributes to the sustainability of development.	Addressing development driven underlying risk factors through risk-informed public and private investments is crucial to the sustainability of a development.
15g	While the drivers of risk may be local, national, transboundary or global in scope,.....	While the drivers of risk may be local, national, transboundary or global in challenge ,.....
15h	Disaster risk reduction requires transparent risk-informed decision-making based on open and gender-specific/sex/age/disability-disaggregated data, and freely available, accessible, up-to-date, easy-to-understand, science-based, non-sensitive risk information complemented by local, traditional and indigenous knowledge, as relevant.	Disaster risk reduction requires transparent risk-informed decision-making based on open and gender-specific/sex/age/disability-disaggregated data, and freely available, publicly accessible, up-to-date, easy-to-understand, science-based, non-sensitive risk information complied with local, traditional and indigenous wisdom, culture, policy and practices.
15i	The development, revision and implementation of relevant national and international policies, plans, practices and mechanisms needs to aim at coherence and mutual reinforcement across sustainable development and growth, climate change and variability, environmental management and disaster risk reduction agendas. Disaster risk reduction mainstreaming is critical to the sustainability of development.	The development, revision and implementation of relevant national and international policies, plans, practices and mechanisms needs to aim at coherence and mutual reinforcement across sustainable development and growth, climate change and variability, environmental management, food security and disaster risk reduction agendas. Synergies across the key post-2015 frameworks will be the foundation for a

		more resilient and healthy planet. Disaster risk reduction mainstreaming, sensitizing other policies and plans is critical to the sustainability of a development.
15	Developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, and landlocked developing countries, and Africa require specific support tailored to their needs and priorities.	Developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, conflict prone countries , and landlocked developing countries, and Africa require specific support tailored to their needs and priorities.
16	Each State has the primary responsibility for its own sustainable development and for taking effective measures to reduce disaster risk, including for the protection of people on its territory, infrastructure and other national assets from the impact of disasters. At the same time, in the context of increasing global interdependence, concerted international cooperation and an enabling international environment are required to stimulate and contribute to developing the knowledge, capacities and motivation needed for disaster risk reduction at all levels.	Each State has the primary responsibility for its own development sustainable and for taking effective measures to reduce disaster risk, including for the protection of lives on its territory, infrastructure and other national assets including ecology from the impact of disasters. At the same time, in the context of increasing global interdependence, concerted international cooperation and an enabling international environment are required to stimulate and contribute to accumulating the resources , knowledge, capacities and motivation needed for disaster risk reduction at all levels.
17	All actors are encouraged to build multi-stakeholder partnerships, at all levels, as appropriate, and on a voluntary basis, to contribute to the implementation of this framework. States and other actors are also encouraged to promote the strengthening or establishment of national, regional and international volunteer corps, which can be made available to countries and to the international community to contribute to addressing vulnerability and reducing disaster risk.	All actors are encouraged to build multi-stakeholder partnerships with shared responsibilities , at all levels, as appropriate, and on a voluntary basis, to contribute to the implementation of this framework. States and other actors are also encouraged to promote the strengthening or establishment of local , national, regional and international volunteer corps, which can be made available to countries and to the international community to contribute to addressing vulnerability and reducing disaster risk.
19	Taking into account the experience gained through the implementation of the HFA, and in pursuit of the expected outcome and goal, there is a need for focused action across sectors by States at local, national, regional and global levels in the following priority areas: 1) Understanding disaster risk; 2) Strengthening governance and institutions to manage disaster risk; 3) Investing in economic, social, cultural and environmental resilience; 4) Enhancing preparedness for effective response, and building back better in recovery and reconstruction.	Taking into account the experience and learning obtained through the implementation of the HFA, and in pursuit of the expected outcome and goal, there is a need for concise , focused and forward looking action across sectors by actors/stakeholders at local, national, regional and global levels in the following priority areas: 1) Deeper insight of disaster risk; 2) Strengthening governance and institutions to prevent and manage disaster risk; 3) Investing in economic, social, cultural, ecological and environmental resilience; 4) Enhancing preparedness for effective response, and building back better in recovery and reconstruction.
20	In their approach to disaster risk reduction, all stakeholders should take into consideration the key activities listed under each of these four priorities and should implement them, as appropriate, to their	In their approach to disaster risk reduction, all stakeholders should take into consideration the key activities listed under each of these four priorities and should implement them, as

	own circumstances and capacities.	appropriate, to their own responsibilities/liabilities , circumstances and capacities.
21	Policies and practices for disaster risk management should be based on an understanding of risk in all its dimensions of vulnerability, capacity and exposure of persons and assets and hazards characteristics.	Policies and practices for disaster risk management should be based on an understanding of risk in all its dimensions of vulnerability, capacity and exposure to lives and assets and hazards characteristics.
22c	Make non-sensitive risk, disasters and loss information free, openly available, and accessible, and ensure its dissemination, at all levels, taking into account the needs of different categories of users. It is important to ensure real-time access to reliable data, and use ICT innovations to enhance collection, analysis and dissemination of data;	Make risk, disasters and loss information free, openly available, and accessible, and ensure its dissemination, at all levels, taking into account the needs of different categories of users. It is important to ensure real-time access to reliable data, and use ICT innovations, even at the local level , to enhance collection, analysis and dissemination of data;
22d	.....to ensure consistent collection, analysis and use of risk assessment, and implementation of disaster-risk related policies and plans;	.....to ensure consistent collection, analysis and use of risk assessment, and implementation of disaster-risk related policies and plans, translate disaster risk frameworks, policy, laws and actions into local dialect ;
22e	Promote and improve dialogue and cooperation among scientific communities, including social, health, economic and environmental sciences, practitioners, businesses, people at risk and policymakers;	Bridge the gap and promote and improve dialogue and cooperation among scientific communities, including social, agricultural , health, economic and environmental sciences, practitioners, businesses, people at risk and policymakers;
22f	Ensure the use of traditional and local knowledge to complement, as relevant and appropriate, scientific knowledge in disaster risk assessment and the development and implementation of policies, plans and programs;	Ensure the use of appropriate traditional and local wisdom and practices in disaster risk assessment and the development and implementation of policies, plans and programs ;
22j	..... taking into account specific audiences and their needs.	..... taking into account all-of-society and their needs.
23c	Promote common efforts in partnership with scientific community and the private sector to establish good international practices;	Promote common efforts in partnership with academia , scientific community and the private sector to establish good international practices;
23d	Support the development of local, national, regional and global user-friendly systems and services for the exchange of information on good practices, cost-effective and easy-to-use disaster risk reduction technologies, and lessons learned on policies, plans and measures for disaster risk reduction;	Support the development of local, national, regional and global user-friendly systems and services for the exchange of information on good practices, invest -effective and easy-to-use disaster risk reduction technologies, and lessons learned on policies, plans and actions for disaster risk reduction;
23f	Enhance the scientific and technical work on disaster risk reduction through the mobilization of existing networks of scientific and research institutions at national, regional and international levels.....	Enhance the scientific and technical work on disaster risk reduction through the mobilization of existing networks of scientific and research institutions at local , national, regional and international levels.....
Priority 2	<i>Strengthening governance and institutions to manage disaster risk;</i>	<i>Strengthening governance and institutions to prevent and manage disaster risk;</i>
25a	Promote the coherence of, and further develop as	Promote the coherence of, and further develop as

	appropriate, national and local frameworks of law, regulation and public policy, including for development, poverty reduction, climate change adaptation and environmental management, which through defining roles and responsibilities guide the public sector in: (i) addressing disaster risk in publically owned, managed or regulated services and infrastructure, and (ii) regulate and provide incentives for actions by persons, households, communities and businesses;	appropriate, national and local frameworks of law, regulation and public policy, including for development, poverty reduction, food security , climate change adaptation and environmental management, which through defining roles, responsibilities and liabilities guide the public sector in: (i) addressing disaster risk in publically owned, managed or regulated services and infrastructure, and (ii) regulate and provide incentives for actions by persons, households, communities and businesses, especially at local level ;
25f	..... It is necessary for such mechanisms to have a strong foundation in national institutional frameworks with clearly assigned responsibilities and authority to, inter alia, identify sectoral and multisectoral risk, build awareness and knowledge of risk through sharing and dissemination of risk information and data, .....	..... It is necessary for such mechanisms to have a strong foundation in national institutional frameworks with clearly assigned responsibilities and authority to, inter alia, identify sectoral and cross sectoral development driven risk, build awareness and knowledge of risk through sharing and dissemination of risk information and data,
25g	Empower, through regulatory and financial means, local action and leadership in disaster risk management by local authorities, communities and indigenous people;	Empower, through regulatory and financial means, local action and leadership in disaster risk management by local people , authorities, communities and indigenous people;
25h	Stimulate, in accordance with national practices, the development of quality standards and mechanisms, including certifications, for disaster risk management, with the participation of the private sector and professional associations and scientific organizations.	Stimulate, in accordance with national practices, the development of quality standards and mechanisms, including of zero tolerance for corruption and certifications, for disaster risk management, with the participation of the private sector and professional associations and scientific organizations.
26b	.....such as for climate change, sustainable development, environment, health and others, as appropriate;	.....such as for climate change, sustainable development, environment, food security , health and others, as appropriate;
26c	.....including on development and climate issues;	..... including on development, food security and climate issues;
26e	Promote and use voluntary and self-initiated peer reviews among countries and local governments as they may represent.....	Promote and use voluntary and self-initiated peer reviews among countries, local governments and local people as they may represent.....
Priority 3	<i>Investing in economic, social, cultural, and environmental resilience;</i>	<i>Investing in economic, social, cultural, ecological and environmental resilience;</i>
27	Investing in risk prevention and reduction through structural and nonstructural measures is essential to enhance the economic, social, cultural resilience of persons, communities, countries and their assets as well as the environment. Such measures are cost-effective and instrumental to save lives and prevent and reduce losses. A continued integrated focus on key development areas, such as health, education, agriculture, water, ecosystem management, housing, cultural heritage, public awareness, financial and risk transfer mechanisms, is required.	Investing in risk prevention and reduction through structural and nonstructural measures is essential to enhance the economic, social, cultural and ecological resilience of persons, communities, countries and their assets as well as the environment. Such measures are invest -effective and instrumental to save lives and prevent and reduce losses. A continued integrated focus on key development areas, such as health, education, agriculture, infrastructure , water, ecosystem management, housing, landscape, protected areas , cultural heritage, public awareness, financial and risk transfer

		mechanisms, is required.
28b	.....taking into account economic, social, and environmental impact assessments.	.....taking into account economic, social, ecological and environmental impact assessments.
28c	Protect or support the protection of museums.....	Protect and support the protection of museums....
28e	Promote the incorporation of disaster risk assessment into rural development planning and management, in particular with regard to mountain and coastal flood plain areas, including through the identification of land zones that are available and safe for human settlement;	Promote the incorporation of disaster risk assessment into rural development planning and activities , includes mountain and coastal flood plain area development ;
28k	Strengthen the sustainable use and management of ecosystems and implement integrated environmental and natural resource management approaches that incorporate disaster risk reduction.	Strengthen the sustainable conservation , use and management of ecology and implement integrated environmental and natural resource management approaches that incorporate disaster risk reduction.
29a	.....including those related to poverty reduction, natural resource management, urban development and adaptation to climate change.	.....including those related to poverty reduction, food security, human rights , natural resource management, rural and urban development and adaptation to climate change.
29b	..... and across sustainable development, climate change and disaster risk reduction policies, plans and programs;	..... and across sustainable development, climate change, food security and disaster risk reduction policies, plans and programs;
29e		
29f		
30	The steady growth of disaster risk, including the increase of people and assets exposure,.....	The steady growth of disaster risk, including the increase of lives and assets exposure,.....
31a	..... and ensuring the participation of all sectors and stakeholder groups, including the most vulnerable, in the design and planning;	..... and ensuring the participation of all sectors and stakeholder groups, including the most vulnerable, in the design and planning, ways should be formulated out to integrate local people as a stakeholder in disaster risk management process and practices ;
31c	Promote regular disaster preparedness exercises, including evacuation drills, with a view to ensuring rapid and effective disaster response and access to essential food and non-food relief supplies, as appropriate, to local needs;	Promote regular disaster preparedness exercises, including evacuation drills, organize regular exhibition of rescue gears and equipments , with a view of mass people's capacity building and ensuring rapid and effective disaster response and access to essential food and non-food relief supplies, as appropriate, to local needs;
31d	Make new and existing hospitals and health facilities safe and operational during disasters;	Make new and existing hospitals and health facilities safe and operational during disasters, ensure mandatory participation of private health care bodies in post disaster scenario ;
31i		Develop structural safe guard and incentive/reward mechanisms for the first responders, like local rescuers in a disaster event ;
33	..... Their commitment, goodwill, knowledge, experience and resources will be required.	..... Their shared responsibilities , commitment, goodwill, knowledge, experience and resources will be required.
34c	Social groups, volunteers, civil society and faith-based organizations to engage with public	Social groups, volunteers, civil society, local practitioners and faith-based organizations to

	institutions and business to,.....	engage with public institutions and business to,.....
37	Disaster-prone developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, and landlocked developing countries, and Africa,.....	Disaster-prone developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, conflict prone countries and landlocked developing countries, and Africa,.....
38	.....Partnerships will play an important role by harnessing the full potential of engagement between governments at all levels, businesses, civil society and a wide range of other stakeholders,.....	.....Partnerships will play an important role by harnessing the full potential of engagement between governments at all levels, businesses, civil society, local people and a wide range of other stakeholders,.....
40	Support to countries in the implementation of this framework may require action on the following recommendations:	Support to countries in the implementation of this framework will require action on the following recommendations:
40c	.....including those related to poverty reduction, natural resource management, urban development and adaptation to climate change.	.....including those related to poverty reduction, food security, human rights , natural resource management, rural and urban development and adaptation to climate change.
40e	..... including international financial institutions, regional bodies, donor agencies and nongovernmental organizations engaged in disaster risk reduction.....	.....including international financial institutions, regional bodies, donor agencies, nongovernmental organizations and local practitioners engaged in disaster risk reduction.....
40g	..... supporting the development of coherent global and regional monitoring mechanisms in synergy, as appropriate, with other relevant mechanisms for sustainable development and climate change, leading and coordinating the update of 2009 Terminology on Disaster Risk Reduction; and maintaining the stakeholders' commitment registry	..... supporting the development of coherent global and regional monitoring mechanisms in synergy, as appropriate, with other relevant mechanisms for sustainable development, food security and climate change, leading and coordinating the update of 2009 Terminology on Disaster Risk Reduction; and maintaining and monitoring the stakeholders' commitment registry.
40h	Adequate voluntary financial contributions should be provided to the United Nations Trust Fund for Disaster Reduction,.....	Support to the United Nations General Assembly resolution(A/RES/68/211 paragraph 25) is crucial; adequate financial contributions should be provided to the United Nations Trust Fund for Disaster Reduction,..... ..
40k	....formulating recommendations for further action, and introducing possible corrective measures.	.....formulating recommendations for further action, and introducing possible redesign measures.